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EXTRAORDINARY

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MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

(Department of Heavy Industries)

RESOLUTION

TARIFFS

New Delhi, the 15th November 1957

No. 18(5)-T.R./57.—The Tariff Commission has submitted its Report on the continuance of protection to the Cotton Textile Machinery (Spinning ring frames, Spindles, Spinning rings, Fluted rollers and Looms) Industry on the basis of an inquiry undertaken by it under Sections 11(e) and 13 of the Tariff Commission Act, 1951. Its recommendations are as follows:—

- (1) Protection to the cotton textile machinery industry in respect of complete ring frames, spindles, spinning rings, fluted rollers and automatic looms should be continued beyond 31st December, 1957, for a further period of three years ending with 31st December, 1960, and the protective duty should be continued at the existing rate of 10 per cent. *ad valorem*.
- (2) Protection in respect of plain looms should be discontinued with effect from 1st January, 1958.
- (3) The Textile Commissioner should take early steps to assess the capacity of the various units licensed to manufacture different items of cotton textile machinery with the help of his technical staff.
- (4) The Inspectorate of the Textile Commissioner should be set up with adequate staff and arrangements made to bring the producers and consumers together at periodical conferences to develop better understanding of the problems confronting both the parties so as to enable the manufacturers of textile machinery to improve the quality of their products according to the requirements of the consuming industry.

- (5) The Textile Commissioner should make arrangements to assess the raw material requirements of individual units in the industry on the basis of the production planned on them, and in consultation with the Iron and Steel Controller and the Coal Commissioner, should take necessary steps to ensure regular supplies of iron, steel and coke to the industry.
 - (6) The Forest Research Institute, Dehra Dun, should undertake investigation into the types of wood suitable for looms, and advise the industry of its findings. The industry should get in touch with the Institute and provide it with the information which it may require in carrying out the investigation.
 - (7) All the manufacturers of cotton textile machinery should take steps to provide quick and adequate after sale services at the centres where their machines are installed, and lapses on their part should be taken serious notice of by the Inspectorate of the Textile Commissioner.
 - (8) The cotton textile machinery industry should submit its case for export of its product to the Export Promotion Department of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry, if it is convinced that it can find an export market with reasonable assistance from Government.
2. Government accept recommendations (1) and (2) and the necessary legislation will be undertaken in due course.
 3. Government have taken note of recommendations (3) to (6) and will consider suitable action to the extent possible.
 4. The attention of the industry is drawn to the latter portion of recommendation (6) and to recommendations (7) and (8).

ORDER

Ordered that the Resolution be published in the *Gazette of India* and a copy of it be communicated to all concerned.

S. RANGANATHAN, Secy.